

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

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Trade name: FUSION™ Activator-LV

Registration number: NA

Synonym(s): Low-Temperature Chemical Activator

Preparation/Revision date: 7 July 2019

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Additive for oil and natural gas well hydraulic fracturing

Uses advised against: None known

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer / Supplier

Company name: CARBO Ceramics Inc.

Address: 575 N. Dairy Ashford Road, Suite 300

Houston, Texas 77079, USA

Customer service: 1-337-367-6151

1.4 Emergency telephone number For Chemical Emergency

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification: Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation – Category 2a

Skin Corrosion/Irritation – Category 2

Skin Sensitization – Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Contains: None



Hazard pictogram:



Section 2: Hazards Identification (cont'd)

Signal word: WARNING!

Hazard statement: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an

allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

- Prevention: Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

- Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs,

get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash

it before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

- Storage: None

- Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label information: None

2.3 Other hazards Marine pollutant. Avoid unauthorized discharge or release to the

environment. Collect spillage.

Hazard summary

Physical hazards: Not classified for physical hazards.

Health hazards: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an

allergic skin reaction.

Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant. Avoid unauthorized discharge or release to

the environment.

Main symptoms: May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause allergic skin reaction.



SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

MIXTURE

3.1 Mixture

Chemical Name	Percent	CAS No.	Notes	
Proprietary epoxy resin 1	25 – 40	Trade Secret	-	
Proprietary epoxy resin 2	20 – 35	Trade Secret	-	
Proprietary epoxy resin 3	10 – 15	Trade Secret	-	
Proprietary glycidyl compound	5 – 10	Trade Secret	-	
Viscosity reducer	10 – 30	Trade Secret	_	

Composition comments: Some specific formulation details are being withheld as trade secret per 29 CFR 1910.1200. All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredients are a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

General Ir	form	ation
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Eye contact:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance. If symptoms occur, follow first aid measures as appropriate.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or symptoms

persist.

Skin contact: Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Flush skin with large

amounts of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If

irritation or rash develops or persists, get medical attention.

Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get

medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get medical

attention if symptoms develop or persist.

Notes to Physician: None specified

4.2 Most important symptoms and

effects, both acute and delayed

Exposure may cause eye and skin irritation. May cause skin

sensitization.

4.3 Indication of any immediate

medical attention and special

treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptoms as needed.



SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General fire hazards

This product is not classified as flammable.

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish. Alcohol-resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective. Water fog, applied gently, may be used as a blanket for fire extinguishment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use direct water stream as this may spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: phenolics, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire-fighting clothing. Avoid contact with this material during fire-fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire-fighting clothing with SCBA. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protect equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire-

Special firefighting procedures:

Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and fire-affected zone until fire is extinguished and danger of re-ignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Immediately withdraw all personnel from the area in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of the container. Do not use direct water stream (may spread fire).



Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures (cont'd)

Special firefighting procedures (cont'd: Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Burning

liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Water fog may be used as a blanket for fire extinguishment if applied gently. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review Section 6 of the SDS for Accidental Release Measures and

Section 12 of the SDS for Ecological Information.

Special remarks on fire hazards: None

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment as recommended in Section 8.

Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be

allowed out of the workplace.

For emergency responders: Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental Precautions Prevent leaks and spills if safe to do so. Collect spillage. Do not allow

material to be released to the environment or to reach drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containing

and cleaning up

Contain spill immediately with inert material. Transfer liquids and solid diking material to suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Residual

can be removed with solvent. Follow recommended exposure

guidelines and safe handling procedures for the specific solvent used.

Dispose of spillage as indicated in Section 13. Store captured and

reclaimed materials in suitable closed containers.

6.4 Reference to other Sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section

13.



SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handlingAvoid skin contact. Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Wash

thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing

should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the

environment.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store away from oxidizers, acids, bases and amines.

7.3 Specific end use(s) Industrial use – oil & gas well stimulation.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

United States. Occupational Exposure Limits

Component	CAS No.	Type	Value	Form
Proprietary epoxy resin 1	Trade secret	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proprietary epoxy resin 2	Trade secret	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proprietary epoxy resin 3	Trade secret	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proprietary glycidyl compound	Trade secret	N/A	N/A	N/A
Viscosity reducer	Trade secret	N/A	N/A	N/A

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Prevent exposure to vapor, mist and spray. Use good general local

exhaust ventilation to keep airborne levels below applicable exposure limits (typically 10 air changes per hour). Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Provide local eye wash and safety shower

stations where possible.

Individual Protective Measures

General Information: Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to

applicable standards and in consultation with the supplier of the

personal protective equipment.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin protection:

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves that are chemically resistant to this material.

Other: Avoid direct contact with skin. Wash skin after handling. Launder work

clothes regularly.

Respiratory protection: Use under local exhaust ventilation. If engineering controls do not

maintain airborne concentrations to an acceptable level, use an appropriate respirator. Under intended handling conditions, no

respiratory protection should be needed.

Thermal hazards: Not applicable

Hygiene measures Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after

handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants.

Environmental exposure controlsAvoid unauthorized discharge or release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	Liquid	Explosive properties	Not available	
Color	Clear to yellow to brown	Explosive limit	Not available	
Odor	Mild	Vapor pressure	Not available	
Odor threshold	Not available	Vapor density	Not available	
рН	Not available	Evaporation rate	Not available	
Melting/freezing point	Not available	Relative density	1.1 (water = 1)	
Boiling point, initial boiling	> 212 °F (> 100 °C)	Partition coefficient	Net evellele	
point and boiling range	Decomposes	(n-octanol/water)	Not available	
Flash point	275 °F (135 °C)	Solubility (water)	None	
Auto-ignition temperature	> 572 °F (> 300 °C)	Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable	Bulk density	9.34 lb/gal (1.12 kg/L)	
Flammability limit-lower%	Not available	Viscosity	400 – 500 cP at 105 °F (40 °C)	
Flammability limit-upper%	Not available	VOC (weight %)	Not available	
Oxidizing properties	Not available	Percent volatile	Not available	

9.2 Other Information

No relevant additional information available



SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stabilityMaterial is stable under recommended storage conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur under normal conditions.

Masses of more than one pound (0.5 kg) of product plus an aliphatic amine will cause irreversible polymerization with considerable heat

build-up.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid short term exposures to temperatures above 572 °F (300 °C).

Avoid prolonged exposure to temperatures above 275 °F (135 °C). Potentially violent decomposition can occur above 662 °F (350 °C). Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed

systems. Pressure build-up can be rapid.

10.5 Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents, acids, bases, avoid unintended contact with amines.

10.6 Hazardous decompositions products Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the

presence of other materials. Gases are released during decomposition. Uncontrolled exothermic reaction of epoxy resins release phenolics,

carbon monoxide, and water.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion: Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling

operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger

amounts may cause injury.

Inhalation: Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: May cause skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization.

Eye contact: May cause severe eye irritation.

Symptoms: May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity: No data were identified for the product as a whole. Data are for

constituents:



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Proprietary epoxy resin 1	No data	No data	No data	No data
Proprietary epoxy resin 2	No data	No data	No data	No data
Proprietary epoxy resin 3	No data	No data	No data	No data
Proprietary glycidyl compound	LD ₅₀	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg bw	Oral
	LC ₀	Rat	0.15 mg/L (saturated atmosphere)	Inhalation
Viscosity reducer	LD ₅₀	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	Oral
	LD ₅₀	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	Dermal

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary epoxy resin 3 may cause mild to slight temporary eye irritation, but corneal injury is unlikely. Available studies show that Proprietary glycidyl compound is a very slight irritant to non-irritating to the eye when exposed undiluted to the eye; results fully reversible within 24 hours. Viscosity reducer caused moderate irritation when tested in the eyes of rabbits.

Skin corrosion/Irritation:

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary epoxy resin 2 caused mild to moderate irritation to the skin of rabbits. Available studies show that Proprietary epoxy resin 3 is a slight skin irritant with local redness. Proprietary glycidyl compound was moderately irritating to the skin of rabbits. Viscosity reducer caused slight, reversible irritation when tested on the skin of rabbits.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary epoxy resin 2 reported results of moderate sensitization in guinea pigs. Proprietary epoxy resin 3 reported allergic skin reactions in animal testing. Proprietary glycidyl compound produced reactions suggestive of hypersensitivity when tested on the skin of guinea pigs. Viscosity reducer is not regarded as a skin sensitizer.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary glycidyl compound is not regarded as mutagenic. Viscosity reducer was negative when tested *in vitro* and *in vivo*.

Carcinogenicity:

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Compounds related to Proprietary glycidyl compound are not classified as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Although some weak evidence of carcinogenicity has been reported in animals, the weight of evidence does not show that compounds related to Proprietary glycidyl compound are carcinogenic. Viscosity reducer produced no treatment-area skin tumors in mice following dermal treatment for 104 weeks. Viscosity reducer is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA, IARC or NTP.



Developmental Effects:

STOT - Single Exposure:

STOT – Repeated Exposure:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

Reproductive Toxicity: No data were identified for this product as a whole. Resins based on

compounds related to Proprietary glycidyl compound did not cause

birth defects and/or other adverse effects on the fetus when tested dermally and orally in animals. Proprietary glycidyl compound caused no

reproductive and/or developmental effects in animal studies. Residual

liquid epoxy resin did not interfere with reproduction in animal studies.

Viscosity reducer did not induce a developmental toxic effect at a

dosage of 5.0 g/kg/day (high dose) or less via oral administration to rats.

No data were identified for this product as a whole. Resins based on compounds related to Proprietary glycidyl compound) did not cause

birth defects and/or other adverse effects on the fetus when tested

dermally and orally in animals. Proprietary glycidyl compound caused no

reproductive and/or developmental effects in animal studies. Residual

liquid epoxy resin did not interfere with reproduction in animal studies.

No data were identified for this product or its constituents.

No data were identified for this product as a whole. No significant toxicity was observed in animal studies with Proprietary glycidyl

compound at concentrations requiring classification. No significant toxicity was observed in animal studies with Viscosity reducer at

concentrations requiring classification.

Aspiration Hazard: No data were identified for this product or its constituents.

Conclusion/Summary May cause eye and skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization.



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity / Aquatic ecotoxicity

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Product / ingredient name	Test	Result (mg/L)	Species	Exposure			
Proprietary epoxy resin 1	No data	No data	No data	No data			
Proprietary epoxy resin 2	LC ₅₀	2 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	96h			
	EC ₅₀	1.8 mg/L (immobilization)	Daphnia magna	48h			
	EC ₅₀	11 mg/L (growth rate)	Scenedesmus capricornutum	72h			
	IC ₅₀	>42.6 mg/L	Bacteria	18h			
	NOEC	0.3 mg/L	Daphnia magna	21d			
Proprietary epoxy resin 3	No data	No data	No data	No data			
Proprietary glycidyl compound	LC ₅₀	>5,000 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	96h			
	LC_0	1,800 mg/L	Lepomis macrochirus	96h			
	EC ₅₀	7.2 mg/L (mobility)	Daphnia magna	48h			
	EC ₅₀	843 mg/L (growth inhibition)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h			
	NOEC	500 mg/L (growth inhibition)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72h			
Viscosity reducer	LC ₅₀	>1,000 mg/L	Cyprinus carpio	96h			
	EC ₅₀	>1,000 mg/L (immobilization)	Daphnia magna	48h			
	EC ₅₀	>900 mg/L (growth rate)	Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h			
	NOEC	900 mg/L	Desmodesmus subspicatus	72h			
		biodegradable.					
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	ı	resin 2, Proprietary epoxy have a moderate potentia	No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary epoxy resin 2, Proprietary epoxy resin 3 and Proprietary glycidyl compound have a moderate potential for bioaccumulation. Viscosity reducer is not expected to bioaccumulate.				
12.4 Mobility		resin 2 is expected to have 4,400), and Proprietary gl	No data were identified for this product as a whole. Proprietary epoxy resin 2 is expected to have low mobility in soil (K_{oc} between 1,800 and 4,400), and Proprietary glycidyl compound is expected to be relatively immobile in soil ($K_{oc} > 5,000$).				
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	ssessment	No data available	No data available				
12.6 Other adverse effects		None known	None known				
Conclusion/Summary		Marine pollutant. Avoid u	Marine pollutant. Avoid unauthorized discharge or release to the environment.				

FUSION™ Activator-LV Preparation Date: 7 July 2019



SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Residual waste: Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations. Contact a

licensed waste disposal company to ensure proper handling.

Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site

for recycling or disposal.

Disposal methods/information: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste

disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number UN3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (epoxy resin)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9

14.4 Packing group

14.5 Environmental hazards Marine Pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user None

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL73/78 and the IBC

Code Not applicable

Note: Shipments via road and rail under US DOT regulations are not regulated as dangerous for transport.

The transport regulation may vary based on the country of use. Check for the appropriate regulations in the country of transport or usage of this product.



SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

USA Federal Regulations

29 CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard (HCS): Hazardous

TSCA - U.S. Inventory (TSCA 8b): Exempt/Compliant

SARA Title III – Section 302, Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS):

Not listed

CERCLA - Hazardous substances:

Not listed

Release of CERCLA hazardous substances in excess of any reportable quantity threshold to the environment requires notification to the National Response Center (+1-800-424-8802 or +1-202-267-2675).

SARA Title III - 311/312, Hazard Classes:

Fire / Flammability No
Reactivity No
Release of Pressure No
Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard No

SARA 313 – Toxic Chemicals: Not listed

USA State Regulations

California Prop 65: Viscosity reducer - WARNING: This product contains a chemical

known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Other Regulations None specified

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Label RequirementsThis product has been classified as hazardous and requires labeling.

List of abbreviations

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CERCLA Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
EC₅₀ Effective Concentration, 50%
Extremely Hazardous Substance

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION CONT'D

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

 ${\rm IC}_{50}$ Inhibitory Concentration, 50% ${\rm LC}_{0}$ Lethal Concentration, 0% ${\rm LC}_{50}$

LD₅₀ Lethal Dose, 50%

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS Safety Data Sheet

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act

UN United Nations

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

References ChemAdvisor List of Lists (LOLI)

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

IUCLID DATA Set Supplier SDSs

Information on evaluation method leading

to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available. For

details refer to Sections 9, 11 and 12.

Training information Follow training instructions when handling this material.

SDS Revisions SDS prepared on 7 July 2019.

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge

and experience currently available.